RECTES UROPYGIALIS, Gray.

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Rufous-and-Black Wood-Shrike.

- Rectes uropygialis*, G. R. Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. 1861, pp. 430, 435.—Finsch, New Guinea, p. 170 (1865).—Meyer, Sitz. k. Akad. Wissensch. Wien, lxi. p. 208 (1874).—Sharpe, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. iii. p. 285 (1877).—Rosenb. Malay Arch. p. 395 (1879).
Colluricincla uropygialis, Gray, Handl. B. i. p. 385, no. 5, 836 (1869).
Rectes uropygialis ceramensis, Meyer, Sitz. k. Akad. Wissensch. Wien, lxi. p. 208 (1874).—Salvad. Proc. Zool. Soc. 1878, p. 96 (note).
Rectes tibialis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. iii. p. 285 (1877).
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THERE are three species of the genus *Rectes* which are very closely allied to each other, and which are remarkable for their red and black plumage. These are *R. uropygialis*, from North-western New Guinea and Mysol, *R. dichrous*, spread over the greater part of New Guinea, and *R. aruensis* from the Aru Islands. Of these three species the present is perhaps the finest, being slightly the largest in size. It differs from *R. dichrous* in having the whole of the rump and upper tail-coverts black, whereas in the last-named bird these parts are chestnut like the rest of the back. *R. aruensis* resembles the present bird in having the rump and upper tail-coverts black; but, besides being rather smaller, it has the breast slightly paler and washed with black.

Nothing has been recorded concerning the habits of this species, or of those of any member of the genus *Rectes*; but we can easily suppose that they are not greatly different from those of the Australian *Colluricincla*. Whereas *R. dichrous* appears to be spread over the greater part of the island of New Guinea, *R. uropygialis* takes its place in the western and north-western part of the island, and extends into Mysol. Mr. Sharpe was inclined at one time to separate the New-Guinea bird as *Rectes tibialis*; but he informs me that he is now quite convinced of its identity with the Mysol bird.

The following description is taken from Mr. Sharpe's Catalogue of Birds in the British Museum:—

Adult male. Head, which is strongly crested, and nape black, as also the entire sides of the face, sides of neck, throat, fore neck, and chest; hind neck, mantle, and upper back rich maroon-chestnut, rather more orange on the hind neck; lower back, rump, and upper tail-coverts black; wings and tail black; remainder of under surface of body, from the chest downwards, including the thighs, under wing- and tail-coverts, rich maroon-chestnut; bill and legs black.

Total length 11 inches, culmen 1.1, wing 4.7, tail 4.55, tarsus 1.36.

Adult female. Similar to the adult male, and quite as richly coloured. Total length 11 inches, culmen 1.25, wing 4.95, tail 4.75, tarsus 1.35.

The figures in the Plate represent an adult bird in two positions, of about the natural size, and are drawn from an example in my own collection.

Gould, John and Sharpe, Richard Bowdler. 1881. "Rectes uropygialis, Rufous-and-Black Wood-Shrike [Pl. 54]." *The birds of New Guinea and the adjacent Papuan islands : including many new species recently discovered in Australia* 1(XII), –. <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.322653>.

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