DENDROCHELIDON WALLACEI, Gould.

J. Gould and H. C. Richter, del. et lith.

Bullman del. & Walton, imp.

DENDROCHELIDON WALLACEI, *Gould.*

Wallace's Tree Swift.

Dendrochelidon Wallacei, Gould in Proc. of Zool. Soc., Feb. 8, 1859.

THE Tree Swifts have, with much propriety, been separated into a distinct genus, now comprising five well-marked species, which some naturalists may opine might be even still further subdivided, by the separation of *D. mystaceus* and *D. comatus* from the *D. Klecho*, *D. coronatus*, and the subject of the present paper, *D. Wallacei*. Such a division, however, I do not think it necessary to institute; at the same time I do not fail to observe its indication in the birds themselves.

After carefully comparing Indian specimens of *D. coronatus* and Javanese specimens of *D. Klecho* with examples of a bird of the same form sent from Macassar by Mr. Wallace, I could come to no other conclusion than that the latter is a very distinct and undescribed species, and I therefore took the opportunity of naming the bird *D. Wallacei*, in honour of its discoverer; not that there is any necessity for me to attempt to perpetuate the name of this gentleman as a promoter of natural science, since his writings sufficiently attest his devotion to more than one of its departments.

In size, the *D. Wallacei* far exceeds both the *D. Klecho* and the *D. coronatus*; besides which, it is readily distinguished from either of them by the deep blue colouring of its shoulders and wings.

The only information we have respecting this bird is, that it is a native of Macassar, and that the sexes exhibit the same difference in the colouring of the ear-coverts that is observable in the other species of the genus.

The male has the crown of the head deep green, with steel-blue reflexions; lores black; over each eye an indistinct stripe of greyish white; sides and back of the neck and the upper part of the back green, passing into grey on the lower part of the back and rump, which colour again passes into the bluish green of the upper tail-coverts; below the ear a spot of chestnut; shoulders blue, with reflexions of green; primaries bluish black, with green reflexions; tertiaries greyish white; tail bluish black; throat and under surface grey, passing into greyish white on the vent and under tail-coverts; bill and feet olive.

Total length, 10 inches; bill, from gape to tip, $\frac{1}{2}$; wing, $7\frac{3}{8}$; tail, $5\frac{1}{2}$.

The female is destitute of the chestnut ear-spot; in other respects her colouring is similar to that of her mate.

The figures are of the natural size.

Gould, John. 1859. "Wallace's Tree-Swift, *Dendrochelidon wallacei*, Gould. [Pl. 23]." *The Birds of Asia* 1(XI), -. <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.323050>.

View This Item Online: <https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/115342>

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.323050>

Permalink: <https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/323050>

Holding Institution

Smithsonian Libraries

Sponsored by

Smithsonian Institution Libraries

Copyright & Reuse

Copyright Status: Not in copyright

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at <https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org>.