**PARUS MONTICOLUS, Vig.**

**Mountain Tit.**


The *Parus monticolus* is one of the prettiest and most ornamental of the section of the great family of Tits to which it pertains. In the general style of its colouring it much resembles the *Parus major* of Europe; but its smaller size, and the presence of a double fascia across the wings, formed by the white tipping of the greater and lesser wing-coverts, will serve to distinguish it from that species.

The native habitat of the Mountain Tit is the southern slopes of the Himalayas, over which Mr. Blyth states "it is very generally distributed; and to which it appears to be confined, so far as has hitherto been observed."

The late Captain Boys mentions that he met with it on the southern side of Gogra Hill, near the pass, on the 14th of June, 1842, and adds that its food consists of buds and fruit.

A figure of this species occurs among the drawings of the late Hon. F. J. Shore, accompanied by the following brief note: "I saw a great number on the ridge between Paoree and Oolka, Oct. 1, 1828."

The *Parus monticolus* has been long known to science, being one of the species comprised in my “Century of Birds from the Himalaya Mountains,” published in 1832.

The sexes, as usual, do not differ in colour, and but little in size.

Crown of the head, nape, stripe down the sides of the neck, throat, a large patch on the centre of the chest, and a small irregular mark down the centre of the abdomen glossy bluish black; cheeks and ear-coverts white; back olive-yellow, separated from the black of the nape by a patch of white; rump and upper tail-coverts grey; wings slaty black, the lesser coverts margined with blue-grey, with the exception of the lower row of feathers, which are tipped with white; greater coverts margined with blue-grey and tipped with white, the tipping of the last row of the lesser and greater coverts forming two bands across the wings; three outermost primaries narrowly margined with bluish white, the remainder with blue and slightly tipped with white, the tipping of the last row of the lesser and greater coverts forming two bands across the wings; three outermost primaries narrowly margined with bluish white, the remainder with blue and slightly tipped with white; secondaries broadly margined and tipped with bluish white; sides of the chest and flanks fine yellow, brightest where it meets the black of the breast, and becoming of a greenish cast towards the vent; tail slaty black, all but the outer feather of each side margined with blue-grey, and tipped with white very slightly on the central feathers, the extent increasing as the feathers recede from the centre; outer feather on each side margined externally and largely tipped with white; bill bluish black; irides dark brown; feet bluish black.

The figures are of the natural size.

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