GALLINPERDIX LUNULOSA.

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Illustrated & W. D. W. Del.

GALLOPERDIX LUNULOSA.

Painted Spur-Fowl.

Perdix lunulosa, Valenc. (Blyth).

—— *lunulatus*, Valenc. Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat.—Gray.

—— *Hardwickii*, Gray in Griff. An. Kingd. vol. iii. p. 48.—Gray, Ill. Ind. Zool. vol. i. pl. 52.—Frankl. in Proc. of Comm. of Sci. and Corr. of Zool. Soc. part i. p. 123.

—— *lunulata*, Cuv. Mus. Paris.

—— *nivosus*, Deless. Rev. Zool. 1840, p. 100.—Ib. Mag. de Zool. 1840, Ois. pl. 18.—Ib. Voy. aux Indes, pl. 10.

—— *Hardwickii*, Jerd. Ill. Ind. Orn. pl. lxii.

Francolinus lunulata, Less. Traité d'Orn. p. 504.

Ithaginis lunulatus, Gray and Mitch. Gen. of Birds, vol. iii. p. 504, *Ithaginis*, sp. 2.—Gray, List of Birds in Brit. Mus. Coll. part iii. p. 32.

Galloperdix lunulosa, Blyth, Cat. of Birds in Mus. Asiat. Soc. Calcutta, p. 241.

Curria Partridge, Lath. Gen. Hist. vol. viii. p. 270?

Sitta Kodi, Telugu, Jerdon.

THE native habitat of this handsomely-marked species of Spur-Fowl is the jungled Ghauts of Southern India, over which, if it be not universally, it is very generally dispersed, as is evidenced by specimens received through various sources from those districts. It is said to extend its range, but in smaller numbers, as far north as Scinde. The Hon. F. J. Shore found it at Jubulpoor in April 1835 and at Sagur in 1836, and drawings of both sexes accompany the notes of that highly talented gentleman, but for whose premature death the ornithology of India would have been far better known to us.

In the early part of 1853 a living example of this fine bird was brought to England, and for many months graced the menagerie of the Zoological Society in the Regent's Park, where it did not fail to attract the notice of the visitors generally; its sprightly actions and beautiful markings rendering it a conspicuous object among the other denizens of the great aviary in the South Garden. When in a state of quietude and repose, it usually stood in the attitude of the front figure in the accompanying Plate; at other times, especially when excited or on the alert, it assumed a more sprightly air, and carried the tail higher than the line of the body, like the front figure of *Galloperdix Zeylonensis*.

We are indebted to Mr. Jerdon of Madras for the greatest amount of information we possess respecting this species. In his "Illustrations of Indian Ornithology," in which the female is figured for, I believe, the first time, he says,—

"In Southern India I have only found this very handsome Spur-Fowl in the jungles of the eastern Ghauts, and in some of the spurs that jut out from them both above and below. M. Delessert procured it in the neighbourhood of Pondicherry. I obtained many specimens from the Ghauts inland from Nellore, and I have been told that it is found near Bellary, Cuddapah, and Hyderabad. Farther north I never saw it, from Goomsoor, and it is unknown in Bengal and the Himalayas. General Hardwicke procured it, I believe, in the north-west of India.

"It associates in small flocks, keeping to the low shrubs and brushwood, and seeking its food among fallen leaves and low herbage. I kept several individuals of this species alive for some time, and found that it is a most pugnacious and quarrelsome bird. It carries its tail erect like the Jungle Fowl, to which the natives invariably assert its affinity, as they also do *F. spadiceus*.

"I have found that both the spotted and common Spur-Fowl feed much on insect food in the wild state, especially on the larvæ of two or three kinds of wood-bug (*Reduvius*), so abundant in most of our jungles."

The Hon. Mr. Shore mentions that some specimens he had dressed, although in fine condition, were poor in flavour, and that the female weighed barely nine ounces.

The male has the head and neck black, with a streak down the stem and a spot of white near the tip of each feather; upper surface rich dark chestnut, with a spot of white encircled with black at the tip of each

feather, those on the mantle being round and those on the back triangular-shaped; wing-coverts and secondaries dark glossy bronzy purple, with a spot of white surrounded with black at the tip of each feather; greater coverts brown, edged with rufous, with white shafts ending in a spot bounded with black at the tip; primaries and secondaries dark brown with paler edges; tail blackish brown; throat-feathers black, tipped with buffy white; breast and abdomen deep buff, each feather with a small, nearly triangular-shaped spot of black at the tip; lower part of the abdomen and thighs dark chestnut, each feather obscurely tipped with black, within which is a bar of buff; under tail-coverts dark chestnut, indistinctly spotted like the back; bill and feet dark olive-brown.

The female has the head dark brown, streaked on the sides with reddish buff; ear-coverts reddish brown; a streak from the angle of the bill and the chin pale buffy white; general plumage dark brown, with still darker edges; breast buffy brown.

The front figure on the accompanying Plate represents a male of the natural size; the other figures, a male and a female, reduced to about one-half.

Gould, John. 1854. "Painted Spur-Fowl, *Galloperdix lunulosa* [Pl. 69]." *The Birds of Asia* 6(VI), -. <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.323334>.

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