RUTICILLA ERYTHROGASTRA.

J. Gould and H. C. Richter del et lith.

Hallman & Watson Imp.

RUTICILLA ERYTHROGAстра.

Great White-capped Redstart.

Motacilla erythrogastra, Güld. Nov. Comm. Petr. 1785, tom. xix. p. 469, tabs. xvi. & xvii.—Gmel. Edit. Linn. Syst. Nat., tom. i. p. 975.

Sylvia erythrogastra, Lath. Ind. Orn., vol. ii. p. 503.

Chestnut-bellied Warbler, Lath. Gen. Syn., vol. iv. p. 424.—Shaw, Gen. Zool., vol. x. p. 672.—Lath. Gen. Hist., vol. vii. p. 27.

Motacilla ceraunia, Pall. Zoog., tom. i. p. 478.

Ruticilla grandis, Gould in Proc. of Zool. Soc. 1849, p. 112.

——— *erythrogastra*, Bonap. Consp. Gen. Av., p. 296.

——— *tricolor*, Ib., p. 296.

THE bird here represented is in every respect a typical *Ruticilla*, and is, moreover, so much finer than any other member of the genus, that I was induced to consider it to be new to science, and to characterize it as such in the Proceedings of the Zoological Society for 1849, under the name of *Ruticilla grandis* (not *tricolor* as quoted by the Prince of Canino); more recent research has, however, informed me that it was long since described by M. Gldenstaedt with the appellation of *Motacilla erythrogastra*, under which title it will be found in the works of Latham, Shaw and others; it affords me much pleasure therefore to correct the error into which I had fallen, and into which I had been led by finding a fine specimen in the Museum at Berlin, labelled *aurorea* of Pallas, which I knew to be a very different bird.

The *Ruticilla erythrogastra* is still extremely rare in all our collections; the specimens in my possession were obtained in the valley of Cashmere, in which locality it was frequently seen, and examples were also procured by Mr. Vigne. M. Gldenstaedt informs us that it frequents the gravelly hollows of the Caucasian Torrents during the whole of the summer, and migrates southward in search of food on the approach of winter; that it runs along the banks of rivers; is restless, but not fearful; often moves its tail while sitting on the low shrubs; and makes its nest among the branches of the sea buckthorn, of the berries of which it is very fond.

Crown of the head and the basal portion of the primaries and secondaries white; forehead, cheeks, chin, throat, back, wing-coverts, and the apical portion of the primaries and secondaries black; abdomen, lower part of the back, upper and under tail-coverts and tail rich rufous; bill and feet black.

The Plate represents a male and a female, or young male of the natural size.

Gould, John. 1851. "Great White-capped Redstart, *Ruticilla erythrogastra* [Pl. 36]." *The Birds of Asia* 4(III), -. <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.323466>.

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