ERYTHROPITTA RUBRINUCHA.

Red-naped Pitta.

Pitta rubrinucha, Wallace, Proc. Zool. Soc. 1862, p. 187.—Id. Proc. Zool. Soc. 1863, p. 19.—Id. Ibis, 1864, p. 101.—Finsch, Neu-Guinea, p. 167 (1865).—Schlegel, Nederl. Tijdschr. Dierk. iii. p. 188 (1866).—Gray, Hand-l. B. i. p. 297, no. 4381 (1869).—Schlegel, Mus. Pays-Bas, Revue *Pitta*, p. 12 (1874).—Salvad. Ann. Mus. Civic. Genova, viii. p. 375 (1876).—Gould, Birds of New Guinea, part vii. (1878).—Legge, Birds of Ceylon, p. 687 (1879).—Salvad. Ann. Mus. Civic. Genova, xvi. p. 185 (1880).—Id. Orn. della Papuasiasia &c. p. 393 (1881).
Brachyurus rubrinucha, Elliot, Monogr. Pittidæ, pl. 18 (1861).—Id. Ibis, 1870, p. 418.

ALTHOUGH bearing a general resemblance to the other red-breasted species of the genus *Pitta*, the present bird possesses such a well-marked character in its red nape-spot that it can be easily distinguished at a glance from all its allies. Another conspicuous and peculiar mark exists in the blue colour on the ear-coverts. It was discovered by Mr. Wallace in the Moluccan island of Bouru, where it has since been met with by the hunters of Mr. Bruijn, who sent four specimens to the museum at Genoa.

Professor Schlegel, in his Review of the Ant-thrushes contained in the Leiden Museum, records a single specimen from the island of Ceram, collected there by Von Rosenberg—a new locality for the species, and one which we should almost suppose would require confirmation when we think of the absolute manner in which these red-breasted Pittas are confined each to its own locality. This seems to be also Count Salvadori's opinion.

Nothing whatever has been written of the habits or mode of life of the Red-naped Pitta, which still remains one of the rarest of the genus. I am indebted to Count Salvadori for the opportunity of figuring this scarce species; and I herewith return my hearty thanks for the loan of the pair which are represented in the accompanying Plate, and which, I believe, are from the collection of the Genoa Museum. I add a short description:—

General colour above olive-green, with a broad scarlet patch on the nape; head chestnut-brown, with a blue patch on the crown; sides of face and throat light reddish grey, the ear-coverts bluish; lower throat blackish brown, succeeded by a broad chest-band of pale blue, the rest of the under surface being scarlet; primaries black, with a white spot on two or three of them; bill brown; legs light grey.

The sexes are alike in plumage.

Total length 7 inches, bill $4\frac{1}{2}$, wing $1\frac{1}{2}$, tarsus $2\frac{1}{2}$.

[R. B. S.]

Gould, John. 1881. "Red-naped Pitta, *Erythropitta rubrinucha*." *Monograph of the Pittidae* 2, -. <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.323518>.

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