TROGON BAIRDI, Lawrence.

TROGON BAIRDI.

Baird's Trogon.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER.

Trog. purpurascenti-cyanescens, vix aurato-viridi nitens; pileo et collo postico purpurascens; facie laterali et gula nigris; pectore antico nigro purpurascens-nitente; corpore reliquo subtus scarlatino; alis omnino nigris, tectricibus alarum tantum minoribus dorso concoloribus; cauda cyanescens-viridi, nigro terminata, rectricibus intermediis intus nigricantibus, exterioribus tribus basaliter nigris, versus apicem gradatim albis.

Fœm. Schistaceo-nigra, alis caudaque paullo obscurioribus et extus, nisi in rectricibus quatuor mediis, albo transfasciatis; ventre et crisso coccineis (Salvin).

Adult male.—Above bluish green, with a beautiful shade of purple, especially on the rump, which is somewhat tinged with bronze also; head and hind neck purple; wings entirely black, excepting the least wing-coverts, which are shining green like the back; the three centre tail-feathers on each side bluish green, tipped with black, the two middle rectrices entirely green, but the next two blackish on the inner web, the three outer tail-feathers black, inclining to white at the tips, this colour gradually increasing on the outer feathers; lores, ear-coverts, sides of face, and throat black; the fore neck black, with a few metallic purple feathers; rest of under surface of body bright scarlet; the inner lining of the wing greyish black, the interior wing-coverts and the base of the inner web of the quills whitish.

Total length 11 inches; culmen 1.0; wing $5\frac{3}{4}$; tail $6\frac{1}{2}$.

Female.—Slaty black; the wings and tail rather darker, and, excepting on the four centre feathers, barred across with white; belly and vent crimson.

Trogon bairdi. Lawrence, Ann. Lyc. N. Y. ix. p. 119.—Salv. Ibis, 1869, p. 316.—Id. P. Z. S. 1870, p. 202.—Scl. & Salv. Nomencl. Av. Neotr. p. 104.

I MUST congratulate Mr. Lawrence, not only on the good fortune which has placed in his hands such a beautiful species as the present, but also for the happy selection of his specific title, whereby is perpetuated the name of a scientific man who deserves well of his country.

I regret that we know nothing of the habits of this splendid Trogon; but there is doubtless no difference in this respect from other members of the group. At present it has only been found in Costa Rica and Veragua.

"The *Trogon bairdi*," writes Mr. Salvin, "is one of the remarkable additions which have been made to the birds of Central America during the last few years. Up to the year 1861-62 few districts in America were less known ornithologically than Costa Rica; but since that time so numerous are the collections that have been made that our knowledge of the riches of that country may now be said to approach completion. In the year 1868 Mr. Lawrence compiled a list of the birds of Costa Rica, based chiefly upon the specimens sent to the Smithsonian Institution by various collectors. Amongst the skins were two male specimens of this fine bird, which Mr. Lawrence named in honour of Prof. Spencer F. Baird, the well-known ornithologist, who has so many years held the important post of Assistant Secretary to the Smithsonian Institution."

Mr. Lawrence, in his remarks on this species, states that its nearest ally is *T. melanocephalus*; but on this point I venture to differ from him, as the bird now under consideration belongs to a somewhat different group of the genus, and in fact only differs from *T. chionurus* of the Isthmus of Panamá in

having the breast red instead of yellow. This difference, however, is very apparent, as may readily be seen by reference to the drawings of the two species.

As already stated, this species is found in Costa Rica, the original specimens having been obtained at a place called San Mateo. Since that time numerous examples have been forwarded to us by our collector Enrique Arcé, who obtained them at San Miguel de Bugaba on the slopes of the Volcano of Chiriquí; and, more recently still, he has procured others in the forests nearer to Panamá. On the railway-line itself, however, it has not yet been met with, its place being apparently taken by the orange-breasted *T. chionurus*.

Nothing has as yet transpired as to its habits and economy.

The figures are life-size.

Gould, John. 1875. "Baird's Trogon, Trogon bairdi." *A monograph of the Trogonidæ or trogons* 3, -. <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.323642>.

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