XXX. Extract of a Letter from Mr. John Lindfay, Surgeon in Jamaica, to Sir Joseph Banks, Bart. P. R. S. and H. M. L. S. dated June 30, 1792.

which also readily grow, may give the morear-

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as the reals parts. I have little dou's but it would be found on a

## Read April 2, 1793. in the gonus Alients and others, and allo among the Cayntogam

thate of fields ratifier than as a necesilary part of the schulme ratio-

clams. There is a ferri here, feeming a Pheric, grow, RIS

TN my last letter I mentioned I had fown fome of the fine dust A or farina from the fructification of Lycopodium cernuum, and that from the capitula, generally called antheræ, of Bryum cafpititium, or a fpecies very like it, but I then thought their fuccefs fomewhat doubtful. I have fince repeatedly fown them both, and in a proper fituation find they grow very readily.

Encouraged by this, I fowed that curious part of the fructification of Marchantia polymorpha, composed of fine elastic filaments and fmall globules (commonly confidered as the male parts), where none of these plants had ever been before. In a short time I found there feveral young Marchantia, which are now growing freely. I lament I could not get any of the genus Equifetum, for a fimilar trial; but am much inclined to believe that the farina, from its fructification, will likewife produce young plants.

From these instances of young plants being produced from those parts of the fructification of Cryptogamous plants which have been, as far as I have been informed, hitherto confidered as practicable; SS VOL. II. 25:

as the male parts, I have little doubt but it would be found on a fair trial that, in a very great proportion of Cryptogamous plants, the real female parts have been miftaken for the male.

In this view the Marchantia bearing feeds of another kind in fmall feffile cups, which alfo readily grow, may give the appearance of unneceffary fuperfluity; but in this refpect the Marchantia is not fingular. May not this laft kind of feeds be confidered as in fome meafure analogous to those luxuriant productions of young plants in many vegetables (hence called viviparous) in place of feeds, rather than as a neceffary part of the genuine fructification? Such examples are frequent in the tribe of Gramina, in the genus Allium, and others, and alfo among the Cryptogamous plants. There is a fern here, feeming a Pteris, growing by the edges of ponds, which is plentifully propagated by the falling of the leaves loaded with young plants into the water; yet this has its fructification and feeds in the ufual manner, and the feeds readily grow.

# ADDITIONAL REMARKS,

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sefore. In a fnort time i

fituation and they grow very real

### By JAMES EDWARD SMITH, M. D. P. L. S.

THE foregoing observations of Mr. Lindsay are highly worthy of attention, as confirming the Hedwigian theory of the fructification of moss; and the refult of his experiment on the Bryum was the same with those made on the same genus by Hedwig.

The raifing of any species of Lycopodium from its farina has not to my knowledge been described as practicable; Mr. Lindsay, there-

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1794. "Extract of a Letter from Mr. John Lindsay, Surgeon in Jamaica, to Sir Joseph Banks, Bart. P. R. S.H. M. L. & dated June 30, 1792." *Transactions of the Linnean Society of London* 2, 313–315. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1096-3642.1794.tb00264.x.

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