

## LETTER No. II.

Paris, June, 1906.

List of specimens received from the United States and Canada during the season of 1905. For general remarks on the names, see Letter No. 10 of this date. We list here only the specimens we recognize. (In a few instances the names were furnished by the senders.) We have received quite a number of other specimens, Pezizas, Xylarias, and some Polyporii, etc., that we do not know, and these are all omitted from this list.

**AMES, FRANK H., New York:**

*Polystictus versicolor*, *Schizophyllum commune*, *Trametes cinnabarinus*.

**BAKER, C. H., Florida:**

(Genus unknown to me.)

**BATES, REV. J. M., Nebraska:**

*Cyathus stercoreus*, *Irpe tulipifera*, *Scleroderma Texense*, *Tylostoma campestre*.

**BERTOLET, A. S., Alabama:**

*Clavaria pistillaria*.

**BERTOLET, A. S., Ontario:**

*Fomes carneus*.

**BOGUE, E. E., Michigan:**

*Geaster saccatus*, *Lycoperdon gemmatum*, *Lycoperdon piriforme*, *Lycoperdon Turneri*, *Morchella esculenta*, *Scleroderma Cepa*.

**BRENCKLE, J. F., North Dakota:**

*Calvatia* (the largest sterile bases I ever saw, one six inches in diameter, eight inches high, I think probably *Calvatia caelata*), *Cyathus stercoreus*, *Lycoperdon cepaeforme*, *Mycenastrum Corium*.

**BURGIN, CAROLINE A., New York:**

*Mitremyces cinnabarinus* (the most northern station, I think, for this species).

**BURNHAM, STEWART H., New York:**

*Lycoperdon gemmatum*, *Lycoperdon piriforme*, *Panus rufis*.

**CARTER, L. W., South Dakota:**

*Calvatia lilacina*, *Calvatia occidentalis*, *Catastome subterraneum*, *Cyathus stercoreus*, *Geaster asper*, *Lycoperdon cepaeforme*, *Lycoperdon cruciatum*, *Lycoperdon Wrightii*, *Mycenastrum Corium*, *Secotium acuminatum*, *Trametes Peckii*.

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**CHESTER, F. D., Delaware:**

*Lycoperdon cruciatum*, *Lycoperdon gemmatum*, *Lycoperdon Turneri*.

**CHESTER, F. D., Ithaca, N. Y.:**

*Tylostoma campestre* (?)

**CLARKE, JAMES F., Iowa:**

*Hypomyces lactifluorum*, *Lentodium squamulosum*.

**CLUTE, W. N., Illinois:**

*Bovista pila*, *Bovista plumbea*, *Daedalea unicolor*, *Favolus europaeus*, *Lycoperdon piriforme*, *Lycoperdon tessellatum*, *Lycoperdon umbrinum*, *Panus stipticus*, *Polyporus gilvus*, *Polystictus hirsutus*, *Polystictus versicolor*, *Trametes trabea*, *Urnula Craterium*.

**CREWE, DR. J. E., Minnesota:**

*Bovista pila*, *Crucibulum vulgare*, *Cyathus Schweinitzii*, *Daldinea vernicosa*, *Fomes carneus*, *Geaster saccatus*, *Lycoperdon echinatum*, *Lycoperdon gemmatum*, *Lycoperdon piriforme*, *Nidularia pisiformis* (a very rare plant both in the United States and Europe), *Peziza floccosa*, *Peziza occidentalis*, *Polyporus elegans*, *Polyporus obtusus*, *Scleroderma Cepa*, *Scleroderma tenerum*, *Stereum versicolor*, *Schizophyllum commune*, *Trametes cinnabarinus*, *Trametes trabea*.

**DALLAS, MRS. GEO. M., Philadelphia, Pa.:**

*Bulgaria rufa*, *Craterellus connucopoides*, *Daedalea confragosa*, *Daedalea Kansensis*, *Humaria sanguinaria*, *Hydnus septentrionale*, *Hydnus suaveolens*, *Hydnus subsquamosum*, *Irpea cinnamomea*, *Irpea tulipifera*, *Lentinus vulpinus*, *Lenzites betulina*, *Lenzites corrugata*, *Lenzites sepiaria*, *Lenzites trabea*, *Peziza macropus*, *Polyporus varius*, *Rhizopogon rubescens*, *Trametes funalis* (evidently exotic). The specimens were mostly determined by Professor Ellis.

**DAVIS, SIMON, Massachusetts:**

*Bovista plumbea*, *Cordyceps ophioglossoides*, *Elaphomyces variegatus*.

**DEARNESS, J., Canada:**

*Cordyceps ophioglossoides*, *Elaphomyces variegatus*, *Tuber* (which I have sent to Professor Mattiolo, Italy, our best authority now on the Tuberaceae, and which he says is undescribed; also that he will publish it shortly in a paper he is now writing on the American species).

**DOBBIN, FRANK, New York:**

*Fomes leucophaeus*, *Fuligo septica*, *Irpea lacteus*, *Lenzites betulina*, *Panus stipticus*, *Polystictus hirsutus*, *Polystictus versicolor*, *Trametes cinnabarinus*.

**DORNER, H. B., Indiana:**

*Fomes leucophaeus*, *Hydnus erinaceum*, *Polyporus frondosus*, *Polystictus versicolor*.

**DUBOIS, P. A., California:**

*Bovistella* (I think new to me. It has a very thin peridium, but in general appearance is more like a *thin* *Bovista* than a *Bovistella*. The capillitium is evidently of the *separate type*, but long, slender, intertwined branches. The spores are 4-5 mic., smooth, apiculate, but not pedicellate).

**DUPRET, H., Canada:**

*Cantherellus floccopus*, *Cantharellus infundibuliformis*, *Helvella crispa*, *Lenzites sepiaria*, *Lenzites sepiaria* (abnormal), *Polyporus elegans*, *Polyporus lucidus*, *Polystictus pergameus*, *Scleroderma tenerum*.

**EASTWOOD, ALICE, California:**

*Bovista* (provisionally *occidentalis*). A form evidently of *Bovista pila*, but the first time any form of this species has reached me from the extreme Pacific Coast. *Calvatia occidentalis*.

**ELY, E. P., Minnesota:**

*Bovista pila*, *Daldinea concentrica*, *Fuligo septica*, *Lycoperdon cepae-forme*, *Polyporus obtusus*.

**ERNST, FLORA G., South Dakota:**

*Lycoperdon cruciatum*, *Lycoperdon nigrescens*.

**FLETCHER, JAMES, Canada:**

*Polystictus perennis*, *Scleroderma aurantium*, *Sclerotium* (the first time I have seen it. Somewhat similar, but very different from "Tuckahoe" of the Southern States.

**FRYE, PROFESSOR T. C., Washington:**

*Nidula microcarpa*; also what I take for a large form of it, although the cups are much larger than usual.

**GARMAN, PROFESSOR H., Kentucky:**

*Bovistella Ohiensis*.

**GLATFELTER, DR. N. M., Missouri:**

*Daedalea ambigua*, *Daedalea confragosa*, *Daedalea quercina*, *Daedalea unicolor*, *Favolus europaeus*, *Fomes Curtissii*, *Fomes Everhartii*, *Fomes fraxinophilus*, *Fomes leucophaeus*, *Fomes lucidus*, *Hydnnum adustum*, *Hydnnum coralloides*, *Hydnnum pulcherrimum*, *Irpea pachylon*, *Lentinus lepideus*, *Lentinus tigrinus*, some of them taking the form *Lentodium squamosum*, *Lentinus ursinus*, *Lenzites betulina*, *Lenzites sepiaria*, *Lenzites trabea*, *Panus rufus*, *Polyporus adustus*, *Polyporus arcularius*, *Polyporus Berkeleyi*, *Polyporus bennisis*, *Polyporus conchoides*, *Polyporus epileucus*, *Polyporus fumosus* (these seem well distinct from *adustus*), *Polyporus giganteus*, *Polyporus gilvus*, *Polyporus humilis*, *Polyporus intybaceus*, *Polyporus lacteus*, *Polyporus obtusus*, *Polyporus picipes*, *Polyporus radicatus*, *Polyporus resinosus*, *Polyporus sulphureus*, *Polystictus conchifer*, *Polystictus hirsutus*, *Polystictus perennis*, *Polystictus pergameus*, *Polystictus versicolor*, *Trametes cinnabarinus*, *Trametes Peckii*. Several of these plants were not familiar to me, and I have recorded them by the names as given by Dr. Glatfelter.

**HAMNER, C. C., Connecticut:**

*Mitremyces cinnabarinus*.

**HARPER, EDWARD T., Illinois:**

*Geaster Archeri*, *Geaster saccatus*, *Geaster triplex*, *Lycoperdon gemmatum*, *Lycoperdon piriforme*, *Scleroderma flavidum*.

**HERRICK, GLEN W., Mississippi:**

*Lepiota Morgani*.

**HEWITT, J. L. Arkansas:**

*Polysaccum tuberosum*. This species (or form) is rare.

**HIGHAM, ADDIE, Michigan:**

*Panus levis.*

**HILL, A. J., Canada:**

*Fomes carneus*, *Fomes leucophaeus*, *Geaster triplex*, *Polyporus adustus* (? form), *Polystictus versicolor*.

**HOWELL, GEO. T., Indiana:**

*Peziza coccinea.*

**HRDLICHA, A., Washington, D. C.:**

*Bulgaria rufa*, *Calocera cornea*, *Crucibulum vulgare*, *Daedalea quericina*, *Hydnus adustum*, *Hydnus erinaceum*, *Lenzites sepiaria*, *Lycogala epidendrum*, *Merulius tremulosus*, *Panus rufis*, *Peziza floccosa*, *Polyporus picipes*, *Polystictus perennis*, *Polystictus pergamineus*, *Polystictus versicolor*, *Schizophyllum commune*, *Scleroderma Geaster*, *Spumaria album*, *Stereum frustulosum*.

**HUNT, MRS. D. O., California:**

*Bovista plumbea*, *Calvatia occidentalis*, *Geaster giganteus*, *Geaster hygrometricus*, *Lycoperdon excoriatum*, *Lycoperdon gemmatum*, *Lycoperdon subpratense*.

**HUNT, MRS. CLARA A., Victoria, B. C.:**

*Bovista pila.*

**JONES, MISS KATE A., New Hampshire:**

*Bovista pila*, *Daedalea confragosa*, *Daedalea unicolor*, *Daldinea concentrica*, *Fomes carneus*, *Fuligo septica*, *Lenzites sepiaria*, *Lycoperdon atropurpureum*, *Lycoperdon cepaeforme*, *Lycoperdon cruciatum*, *Lycoperdon gemmatum*, *Lycoperdon piriforme*, *Lycoperdon subincarnatum*, *Panis rufis*, *Polyporus elegans*, *Polyporus lucidus*, *Polystictus hirsutus*, *Polystictus perennis*, *Polystictus pergamineus*, *Polystictus versicolor*, *Schizophyllum commune*, *Trametes cinnabarinus*.

**KENNEDY, P. B., Lake Tabor, Cal.:**

*Catastoma luteolum*. This has the general appearance of being yellow specimens of *Bovista plumbea* (if yellow specimens occurred), but the internal structure is that of a *Catastoma*. The exoperidium is quite different from that of all other American *Catastomas*, being thin and of the nature of the cortex of *Bovista plumbea*. Gleba bright olive. Spores 6 mic., globose, smooth, apiculate, Capillitium typically that of a *Catastoma*, short, unbranched threads, 3 mic. thick. They are pale yellow in a water mount, but appear hyaline in lactic acid. The plant is very close to *Catastoma hypogaeum* of Australia, which, however, has rough spores.

**KENNEDY, P. B., Nevada:**

*Cyathus vernicosus.*

**KNAEBEL, ERNEST, Colorado:**

*Crucibulum vulgare*, *Lycoperdon gemmatum* in several puzzling forms, *Lycoperdon piriforme*, *Lycoperdon umbrinum*.

**LAKE, E. R., Oregon:**

*Lycogala epidendrum.*

**LANGTON, THOMAS, Canada:**

*Daedalea unicolor*, *Guepinia rufum* (a beautiful specimen, and the first time I have ever seen the species), *Lentinus lepideus*, *Lenzites sepiaria*,

**Panus stipticus** **Polyporus adustus**, **Polyporus brumalis**, **Polyporus elegans**, **Polyporus gilvus**, **Polyporus nidulans**, **Polyporus radiatus**, **Polystictus hirsutus**, **Polystictus pergameus**, **Polystictus versicolor**, **Schizophyllum commune**, **Scleroderma aurantium**.

**LAUGHLIN, EMMA E., Ohio:**

**Craterellus cantharellus**, **Fomes leucophaeus**, **Irpea lactus**, **Merulius incarnatus** (a rare and beautiful species), **Stereum spadiceum**.

**LEHMAN, E. A., North Carolina:**

**Favolus europaeus**, **Hydnus adustum**, **Hydnus erinaceum**, **Mitremyces cinnabarinus**, **Pleurotus nidulans**, **Polyporus obtusus**, **Scleroderma Geaster**.

**MACKINTOSH, R. B., Massachusetts:**

**Bovistella Ohiensis**, **Crucibulum vulgare**, **Daedalea confragosa**, **Daedalea quercina**, **Favolus europaeus**, **Geaster hygrometricus**, **Lycoperdon cruciatum**, **Lycoperdon gemmatum**, **Lycoperdon piriforme**, **Lycoperdon tesselatum**, **Lycoperdon Turneri**, **Lycoperdon Wrightii**, **Polyporus brumalis**, **Polystictus conchifer**, **Polystictus hirsutus**, **Polystictus pergameus**, **Reticularia Lycoperdon** (two of these puff-balls are here recorded for the first time from the New England States), **Scleroderma aurantium**, **Scleroderma tenerum**, **Scleroderma verrucosum**, **Secotium acuminatum**, **Tremellodon gelatinosum**, **Urnula Craterium**.

**McGOWAN, H. G., Mississippi:**

**Bovistella Ohiensis** ("this is a common puff ball in the cotton-fields in this section"), **Fomes reniformis** (since I have become acquainted with *Fomes applanatus* in Sweden, I am quite sure that *Fomes reniformis* is not the same, as I was advised (Cfr. Myc. Notes, p. 60)), **Geaster hygrometricus**, **Lenzites betulina**, **Mitremyces Ravenelli** (an interesting new locality for this species), **Polyporus gilvus**, **Polysaccus tuberosum**, **Polystictus sanguineus**, **Polystictus versicolor**, **Stereum versicolor**, **Trametes incanus**.

**MCILVAINE, CHARLES, Maryland:**

**Fomes Curtissii**, **Hydnus adustum**, **Thelephora Schweinitzii**.

**MONTGOMERY, C. E., New Hampshire:**

**Daedalea unicolor**, **Stereum purpureum**, **Stereum spadiceum**.

**MORRIS, GEO. L., Massachusetts:**

**Boletinus cavipes**, **Boletinus paluster**, **Cordyceps militaris**, **Geaster triplex**, **Geoglossum hirsutum**, **Hypoxylon**, **Howeianum**, **Morchella esculenta**, **Peziza ancilis**, **Peziza badia**, **Polyporus ovinus**, **Polystictus cinnabarinus**, **Sparassis crispa**, **Spathularia flava**, **Thelephora terrestris**, **Tremella mycetophila**. Mostly named by Mr. Morris, and several of them not familiar to me.

**NEAD, MRS. J. D., Missouri:**

**Calvatia gigantea**.

**NELSON, N. L. T., Missouri:**

**Hymenochaete Curtissii**, **Lycoperdon piriforme**, **Polyporus nidulans**, **Polystictus hirsutus**, **Polystictus versicolor** **Stereum frustulosum**, **Stereum versicolor**.

**NOBLE, MRS. M. A., Florida:**

*Cyathus stercoreus*, *Fomes Curtissii*, *Geaster hygrometricus*, *Scleroderma Geaster*, *Tylostoma Floridanum*.

**PAULL, LESTER F., Massachusetts:**

*Fomes leucophaeus*.

**PERRINE, LURA L., North Dakota:**

*Cyathus Schweinitzii* (it is not generally known that the plant commonly called "Cyathus striatus" has a quite different "tunica" from the species of Europe. Tulasne called the American form "var. *Schweinitzii*."), *Cyathus vernicosus*.

**RICKER, P. L., Washington, D. C.:**

Specimen received under the name "Bjerandera robiniophila." It seems to us we have seen the name or something similar in Scandinavian literature.

**ROLFS, P. H., Florida:**

*Polyporus gilvus*, *Polystictus pinsitus*, *Polystictus sanguineus*, *Trametes hydnoides*.

**SCHRADER, FRED J., Washington, D. C.:**

*Rhizina inflata*. (We have collected this curious plant in Sweden, but did not know of its occurrence in the United States.)

**SCHUMO, S. S., Philadelphia, Pa.:**

*Bovista nigrescens* (collected in Switzerland). Had Mr. Schumo not advised me the locality I should have been truly puzzled, for *Bovista nigrescens* is unknown in America.

**SEWALL, MARGARET L., New Hampshire:**

*Daedalea unicolor*, *Fomes carneus*, *Fomes leucophaeus*, *Hydnus caput-ursi*, *Polyporus brumalis*, *Polyporus radiatus*, *Polystictus perennis*, *Polystictus pergameus*, *Polystictus versicolor*, *Tremellodon gelatinosum*.

**SMITH, THEODATE L., Worcester, Mass.:**

*Irpea paradoxa*, *Lenzites betulina*, *Lenzites Klotzschii*, *Lenzites sepiaria*, *Polyporus fumosus*, *Polyporus Schweinitzii*, *Polystictus hirsutus*, *Stereum complicatum*, *Stereum ochraceoflavum*, *Stereum purpureum*.

**SPAULDING, Perley, Mo.:**

*Crucibulum vulgare*, *Daedalea ambigua*, *Favolus europaeus*, *Geaster saccatus*, *Polyporus gilvus*, *Stereum albobadium*.

**STERLING, E. B., New Jersey:**

*Arachnion album*, *Cyclomyces Greeni* (a very rare plant, which has probably never been collected more than a dozen times. Professor Peck records it twice, I think, and Dr. Herbst found it once. Mr. Sterling's specimens are the finest we have ever seen), *Daedalea confragosa*, *Daedalea quercina*, *Fomes leucophaeus*, *Fomes rimosus*, *Hydnus ochraceum*, *Hypomyces lactifluorum*, *Irpea cinnamomea*, *Irpea tulipifera*, *Kneiffia setigera*, *Lenzodium squamosum*, *Lenzites betulina*, *Lenzites lepideus*, *Mitremyces cinabarinus* (? old), *Panus stipticus*, *Peziza badia*, *Polyporus Berkeleyi*, *Polyporus betulinus*, *Polyporus giganteus*, *Polyporus gilvus*, *Polystictus conchifera*, *Polystictus hirsutus*, *Polystictus pergameus*, *Polystictus versicolor*, *Schizophyllum commune*, *Stereum ochraceoflavum*.

**STERLING, E. B. (From his son at Dawson, Yukon):**

**Catastoma** (unknown to me), **Lycoperdon gemmatum**, also a globose form of it, which does not occur in the United States.

**STEVENS, ROLLIN H., Michigan:**

**Helvella Stevensii** (co-type).

**STILES, J. W., Texas:**

**Arachnion album**, **Holocotylon Texense** (cfr. Myc. Notes, p. 255, plate 73). (Mr. Stiles writes me: "These two plants resemble each other very much in external appearance and habits of growth. They were collected within fifty yards of each other, but in entirely different groups and unmixed") **Geaster saccatus** (or rather a form intermediate between this species and *G. triplex*), **Scleroderma tenerum**.

**STONE, G. E., Massachusetts:**

**Mitremyces cinnabarinus**.

**SUKSDORF, W. N., Washington:**

**Lycoperdon atropurpureum**, **Lycoperdon cepaeforme**, **Lycoperdon gemmatum** (many forms), **Lycoperdon glaciale** (undescribed), **Lycoperdon piri-forme**, **Lycoperdon subpratense** (the first with a cortex I have seen from the United States), **Rhizopogon** (two collections).

**TRASK, MRS. BLANCHE, California:**

**Battarrea Stevenii**, **Geaster minimus**.

**WALDRON, L. R., North Dakota:**

**Calvatia caelata**, **Catastoma subterraneum**, **Geaster mammosus** (rarely received), **Lycoperdon cepaeforme**, **Lycoperdon cruciatum**, **Secotium acuminatum**, **Tylostoma Americanum** (?).

**Daedalea unicolor**, **Irpea lactea**, **Lenzites betulina**, **Lenzites sepiaria**, **Panus rudis**, **Polyporus elegans**, **Polystictus hirsutus**, **Polystictus perennis**, **Polystictus pergameus**, **Polystictus versicolor**, **Schizophyllum commune**, **Stereum versicolor**, **Trametes cinnabarinus**.

**WALTON, F. J., New Jersey:**

**Fomes Curtisi**.

**WARNER, H. E., New Hampshire:**

**Bovista pila**, **Cantharellus floccopus**, **Cyathus vernicosus**, **Daedalea unicolor**, **Fomes fomentarius**, **Fomes leucophaeus**, **Lenzites sepiaria**, **Polyporus betulinus**, **Polystictus hirsutus**, **Polystictus perennis**, **Polystictus versicolor**, **Trametes cinnabarinus**.

**WATSON, DR. L. H. Illinois:**

**Clitocybe Picuna** (type), **Favolus europaeus**, **Geaster triplex**, **Panus rudis**, **Polyporus arcularius**, **Polyporus picipes**, **Polystictus pergameus**, **Trametes cinnabarinus**.

**WELD, LEWIS H., New York:**

**Daedalea confragosa**, **Daedalea unicolor**, **Fomes conchatus**, **Fomes leucophaeus**, **Fomes Novae-Angliae** (?), **Fomes pinicola**, **Fomes rimosus**, **Irpea tulipifera**, **Lenzites betulina**, **Lenzites sepiaria**, **Panus stipticus**, **Polyporus adustus**, **Polyporus gilvus**, **Polyporus lucidus**, **Polyporus picipes**, **Polyporus sulphureus**, **Polystictus hirsutus**, **Polystictus pergameus**, **Polystictus versicolor**, **Poria cruentata**, **Schizophyllum commune**, **Stereum versicolor**, **Trametes cinnabarinus**.

**WHETSTONE, DR. MARY S., Minnesota:**

**Crucibulum vulgare**, **Cyathus vernicosus**, **Favolus europaeus**, **Lenzites sepiaria**, **Polyporus gilvus**, **Scleroderma tenerum**, **Whetstonea strobili-formis**. The latter is a strange fact, that an unknown genus should be discovered in such a well-known field. The plant will be illustrated in Mycological Notes, Plate 90.

**WOLFERT, MRS. ALBERT J., Ohio:**

**Cyathus stercoreus**, **Daedalea unicolor**, **Daldinea concentrica**, **Lenzites betulina**, **Polystictus pergameus**.

**YATES, LORENZO G., California:**

**Calvatia pachyderma** (oval spored form).



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