Mussels of the Green River, Kentucky

BILLY G. ISOM

Environmental Biology Branch, Division of Environmental Planning, Tennessee Valley Authority, Muscle Shoals, Alabama 35660

ABSTRACT

Seventy-seven species of unionid mussels and the Asiatic clam (*Corbicula*) are listed from the Green River, Kentucky, and an additional species from a nearby pond. These data further confirm the conclusions of Ortmann (1926) and Clench and van der Schalie (1944) that the mussels in the Green River belong to either the Ohioan or the interior basin fauna or are of unknown origin. No mussels of Cumberlandian origin have ever been found in the Green River.

The Green River Basin presently has one of the most diverse mussel faunas of any stream in the country. Historically, Ortmann (1926) synthesized known information on mussel fauna of the Green River, Kentucky, drainage. A compilation of historical and recent collections of mussels include those by Ortmann (1926), and van der Schalie (1944).Clench Stansbery (1965), Williams (1969), collections by Isom in 1970 and 1971, and collections in 1961 and 1965 by personnel of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia in the vicinity of the Paradise Steam Plant between Miles 82 and 108 on the Green River under contract with the Tennessee Valley Authority (Table 1). Subspecific designations in Table 1 were retained for the purpose of comparing current data with historical records; however, in the opinion of the author, subspecific designations noted are questionable.

The records of Isom, Stansbery, and Williams probably represent the presently known fauna of the Green River Basin. These rather extensive collections include 77 species and confirm that the mussels in the Green River belong to either the Ohioan or the interior basin fauna or are of unknown origin and also confirm the absence of mussels of Cumberlandian origin as noted by Ortmann (1926) and Clench and van der Schalie (1944).

Recently there has been some concern about the mussel fauna of the Green River

because of the development of oil fields. Imlay (1971) indicated that potassium contained in "petroleum brine waste" had ruined the commercial mussel harvest from Green River. Based on observations made by Isom in 1970 and 1971 and those by Williams (1969), it is apparent that there is no correlation between mussel populations in the Green River and the presence of potassium from petroleum brine waste. Williams (1969) stated that, "Good beds of living mussels were found just below all dams on the river with the exception of Dam 2 at Calhoun, Kentucky." He noted that the present Dam 2 was relatively new and was relocated downstream of an original structure that accounted, at least in part, for lack of mussels. In addition, some commercial mussels were harvested on the Green River in 1965, about 5 years after the problem of oil well brine waste was reportedly alleviated.

Data on water quality indicate that potassium levels do not exceed 3 mg/l between Miles 81.8 and 108.0 on the Green River; this is less than the lowest lethal range of 4 to 7 mg/l reported by Imlay (1971) for long-term exposures. However, 3 mg/l could well be exceeded elsewhere in the drainage.

Williams (1969) included Lampsilis cariosa in his list of mussels from the Green River. This probably is an error, because the distribution of L. cariosa is confined to streams of the Atlantic coast Table 1.—Mussel Fauna of the Green River in Kentucky, as Shown by Historical and Recent Collections. O = Ortmann (1926), S = Stansbery (1965), C = Clench and van der Schalie (1944), W = Williams (1969), and I = Isom (collections of 1970, 1971; and in 1961 by Bates and 1965 by Fuller of the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences)

Species	Collector
Cumberlandia monodonta (Say)	- S
Fusconaia undata Ort.	– – C W I
Fusconaia ebenus (Lea)	0 – – W –
Fusconaia flava (Raf.)	OSCW-
Fusconaia flava trigona (Lea)	0
Fusconaia subrotunda (Lea)	OSCWI
Fusconaia subrotunda	
kirtlandiana (Lea)	0
Megalonaias gigantea (Bar.)	OSCWI
Amblema costata Raf.	OSCWI
Amblema costata peruviana (Lam.)	0 - C
Quadrula quadrula (Raf.)	OSCW-
Quadrula pustulosa (Lea)	O S C W I C W -
Quadrula nodulata (Raf.)	CW- OS-WI
Quadrula metanevra (Raf.) Quadrula metanevra wardi (Lea)	0 =
Quadrula metaneora warat (Lea) Quadrula cylindrica (Say)	OSCW-
Tritogonia verrucosa (Raf.)	O S C W I
Cyclonaias tuberculata (Raf.)	OSCWI
Cyclonaias tuberculata	000111
granifera (Lea)	0
Plethobasus cooperianus (Lea)	0 - C
Plethobasus cyphyus (Raf.)	OS – W –
Pleurobema clava (Lam.)	OSCW-
Pleurobema cordatum	
cordatum (Raf.)	OSCWI
Pleurobema cordatum plenum (Lea)	0 – – W –
Pleurobema cordatum	
coccineum (Con.)	OSCW-
Pleurobema cordatum	
pyramidatum (Lea)	OSC
Pleurobema cordatum catillus (Con.)	O S C
Elliptio crassidens (Lam.)	OSCWI
Elliptio dilatatus (Raf.)	OSCW-
Lastena lata (Raf.)	O S
Arcidens confragosus (Say)	O – C W –
Lasmigona costata (Raf.)	OSCW-
Lasmigona complanata (Barnes)	– – C W I
Anodonta imbecillis (Say)	O - C - I
Anodonta grandis (Say)	0 - C
Anodonta suborbiculata (Say)	0
Anodontoides ferussacianus (Lea)	O – – W –
Alasmidonta calceolus (Lea)	OSC
Alasmidonta marginata (Say)	OSC
Strophitus undulatus (Say)	OSC
Simpsoniconcha ambigua (Say)	- S
Ptychobranchus fasciolaris (Raf.)	OSCWI
Obliquaria reflexa (Raf.)	O - C W I
Cyprogenia irrorata (Lea)	
Sprogenta tronata (Lea)	() - (
Obovaria olivaria (Raf.)	O - C W -

TABLE 1. C	ontinuea
------------	----------

Species	Collector
Obovaria subrotunda (Raf.)	OSC – I
Obovaria subrotunda lens (Lea)	0
Obovaria retusa (Lam.)	OS – W –
Actinonaias carinata (Bar.)	OSCW-
Truncilla truncata (Raf.)	OSCW-
Truncilla donaciformis (Lea)	0 – C W I
Plagiola lineolata (Raf.)	0 – C W I
Leptodea fragilis (Raf.)	OSC
Leptodea leptodon (Raf.)	- S
Leptodea laevissima (Lea)	- S - W I
Proptera alata (Say)	OSCWI
Proptera capax (Green)	– – – W –
Carunculina parva (Bar.)	0 S - W -
Carunculina glans (Lea)	0 – C – –
Ligumia recta (Lam.)	OSCWI
Ligumia subrostrata (Say)	0
Villosa fabalis (Lea)	O S
Villosa nebulosa (Con.)	0 – – – I
Villosa ortmanni (Walker)	OSC - I
Villosa lienosa (Con.)	OSC - I
Lampsilis anodontoides (Lea)	OSCWI
Lampsilis anodontoides	
fallaciosa (Smith)	0 – C W –
Lampsilis radiata	
siliquoidea (Bar.)	OSCWI
Lampsilis luteola (Lam.)	W -
Lampsilis ovata ovata (Say)	OSCW-
Lampsilis ovata ventricosa (Bar.)	OSC - I
Lampsilis fasciola (Raf.)	OSC
Dysnomia triquetra (Raf.)	OSCW-
Dysnomia sulcata (Lea)	C
Dysnomia satelata (Eca) Dysnomia torulosa (Raf.)	O S
	0 5
Dysnomia torulosa	0
gubernaculum (Reeve)	0
Dysnomia flexuosa (Raf.)	0
Corbicula manilensis Philippi	W I

drainage (Simpson 1914). Williams (1969) listed Lampsilis fallaciosa and Actinonaias ligamentina, but these are listed in this paper as L. anodontoides fallaciosa and A. carinata, respectively.

Mussels collected by Isom are deposited at the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, those collected by Bates and Fuller for the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia are deposited at the Academy, and those collected by Williams are deposited at The Ohio State Museum at Columbus.

Henry van der Schalie, Curator, Mollusk Division, University of Michigan, confirmed identification of some mussels collected from the Green River by the author.

LITERATURE CITED

- CLENCH, W. J., AND H. VAN DER SCHALIE. 1944. Notes on naiades from the Green, Salt, and Tradewater Rivers in Kentucky. Mich. Acad. Sci., Arts, Lett., pp. 223–228.
- IMLAY, M. 1971. Bioassay tests with naiads. Proceedings of a symposium on rare and endangered mollusks (naiads) of the U.S. U.S. Dept. Interior, pp. 38–41.

ORTMANN, A. E. 1926. V. The naiades of the

Green River drainage in Kentucky. Ann. Carnegie Mus. 17(1):167, 188.

- SIMPSON, C. T. 1914. A descriptive catalogue of the naiades or pearly fresh-water mussels. Published by Bryant Walker, Detroit, Mich., 1,540 pp.
- STANSBERY, D. H. 1965. The naiad fauna of the Green River at Munfordville, Kentucky. Amer. Malacol. U. Ann. Rept. 1965:13-14.
- WILLIAMS, J. C. 1969. Mussel fishery investigation, Tennessee, Ohio, and Green Rivers, final report, Murray State University, Biological Station, State of Ky. Proj. No. 4-19-R, 107 pp.



Isom, Billy G. 1974. "Mussels of the Green River, Kentucky." *Transactions of the Kentucky Academy of Science* 35(1-2), 55–57.

View This Item Online: <u>https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/107531</u> Permalink: <u>https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/336982</u>

Holding Institution Smithsonian Libraries and Archives

Sponsored by Biodiversity Heritage Library

Copyright & Reuse Copyright Status: Permission_to_digitize_granted_by_rights_holder Rights Holder: Kentucky Academy of Science Rights: <u>https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/permissions/</u>

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org.