# THE FIRST RECORDED MALES OF SOPHIRA LIMBATA ENDERLEIN AND S. LIMBIPENNIS (VAN DER WULP) (DIPTERA: TEPHRITIDAE: ACANTHONEVRINI)

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#### Abstract

Males of Sophira limbata Enderlein and S. limbipennis (van der Wulp) are newly recorded from Sarawak, Malaysia and Java, Indonesia respectively. Their distinctive features and relationship with S. appendiculata Enderlein are noted and the specific status of S. borneensis Hering is confirmed.

### Introduction

The Southeast Asian fruit fly genus *Sophira* Walker was reviewed by Hardy (1958, 1980) and Hancock (2012), the latter noting that males of *S. limbata* Enderlein, 1911 and *S. limbipennis* (van der Wulp, 1899) were unknown, leading to some uncertainty over their specific status. As a consequence, the specific status of *S. borneensis* Hering, 1952 was also uncertain, it being raised from a subspecies of *S. limbata* by Hancock (2012) largely on the basis of sympatry.

Recent examination of unsorted material in the Natural History Museum, London (BMNH) revealed males attributable to both *S. limbata* and *S. limbipennis*, thereby enabling a better understanding of their identities and relationships.

## Sophira limbata Enderlein

Sophira limbata Enderlein, 1911: 435. (2). Type locality Soekaranda, Sumatra.

Material examined. MALAYSIA: 1 ♀, West Malaysia, Pahang, 5.viii.1925; 1 ♂, [Sarawak, Kuching], Matang Road, 2.iv.1911, ex FMS Museum (both in BMNH).

Comments. The male resembles the female (see Hardy 1958) in having a narrow dark costal band that seldom crosses vein  $R_{2+3}$  except at its apex. It differs in the more diffuse dark band along vein  $Cu_1$  basally, the costal band not continuing around apex of cell  $r_{4+5}$  to unite with the dark band along vein M and in the hyaline posterior lobe to cell  $cu_1$  at the apex of vein  $A_1+Cu_2$ . This lobe is narrower and more projecting than in both S. appendiculata Enderlein, 1911 (see Hardy 1958) and the following species, to which S. limbata is evidently related.

## Sophira limbipennis (van der Wulp)

*Icteroptera limbipennis* van der Wulp, 1899: 213. (♀). Type locality Sukabumi, Java. *Sophira insueta* Hering, 1952: 274. (♀). Type locality Mt Pangrango, Java. Syn. Hancock 2012: 12.

Material examined. INDONESIA: 1 &, Java, Djampang Tengah, Wangun (Mataram), iii.1938, coll. E. le Moult (in BMNH).

Comments. The male resembles the female (see Hering 1952) in having a broad dark costal band that reaches or just crosses vein  $R_{2+3}$  along its entire length and is not united with the dark band along vein M. It differs in the more diffuse dark band along vein  $Cu_1$  basally and in the hyaline posterior lobe to cell  $cu_1$  at the apex of vein  $A_1+Cu_2$ . This lobe is evenly rounded as in S. appendiculata and not as projecting and tooth-like as in S. limbata, providing further evidence for the specific separation of the two taxa.

#### Discussion

The discovery of males attributable to *S. limbata* and *S. limbipennis* confirms the specific separation of *S. borneensis*, where males lack the posterior lobe to cell cu<sub>1</sub> and have the genae protruding and apically 'feathered' (see Hardy 1988); this character is absent in males of the other two species.

Three species are now known where males have a posterior lobe, or 'appendix', to cell cu<sub>1</sub>. Males of *S. appendiculata* differ significantly from those of *S. limbata* and *S. limbipennis* in wing pattern. This and the differing shape of the posterior lobe suggest that three distinct species are involved, two of which have at least partially sympatric distributions. *Sophira limbipennis* is known only from western Java; *S. appendiculata* is recorded from Sumatra (type locality) and Sarawak (Hardy 1988, who recorded a female); *S. limbata* is recorded from Sumatra (type locality), West Malaysia, Sarawak and Brunei (Chua 2000 and above specimens).

## Acknowledgement

I thank Daniel Whitmore (BMNH) for access to specimens in his care.

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Hancock, D L. 2014. "The first recorded males of Sophira limbata enderlein and S. limbipennis (van der Wulp) (Diptera: Tephritidae: Acanthonevrini)." *The Australian Entomologist* 41(4), 211–212.

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