

Musicians of the Mariachi Potosino from Chicago contribute the sounds of Mexico to the Festivities of a special preview evening for Museum Members.

The sights and sounds of Methree weeks, the Museum weeks, the Museum weeks and a paper cutter—weeks and age groups, a display lefield Hall, Mayo Indian dans Mexican-American community. The Fiesta was the Museum to draw the Mexican-Amerivide non-Mexicans with a dand cultural influences. Fir Council, a state agency; the cana Airlines, the National Ede Turismo Museo Nacional Community.



Elaborately costumed dancers of the Balet Folklorico de Frederico Z. Rodriguez perform exciting stylized folk dances of Mexico for Fiesta visitors. The dancers are from the Chicago Mexican-American Community.



The contemporary Mexican tiger costume is examined by Mr. Amado Coronado and his sons, Eduardo, Rudolfo and Ricardo, visitors to the Fiesta Mexicana.



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illed Field Museum this fall when Fiesta Mexicana was presented. For sost to Mexican artisans—a weaver, a flower-maker, a jeweler, a pinata-emonstrated their skills amidst static displays of historic and contemporary also featured 75 Mexican costumes related to different geographic areas by the National Museum of Anthropology in Mexico City. In Stanley performed centuries old dances and chants, and groups from the Chicago itertained Museum visitors with folk dances inspired by Spanish influences. Illute to the Mexican-Americans of Chicago. The program was designed into closer contact with the cultural mainstream of Chicago and to protrinsight into the origins and variety of Mexican contemporary art, dance al Assistance for the Fiesta Mexicana was provided by the Illinois Arts pert McCormick Charitable Trust; the Bertha LeBus Charitable Trust; Meximent for the Humanities; Consejo Nacional de Turismo, Departamento Antropologia, of Mexico; and members of Chicago's Mexican-American



Mr. and Mrs. R. Budnick examine an intricately embroidered Huichol Indian costume from a group of 75 costumed mannikins loaned to the Museum's Fiesta Mexicana by the National Museum of Anthropology in Mexico City.

Ars. Elvira Villaof Chicago and other, Clara, 10, rate how the festas are made.



When in the early morning the sun rises and the flowers spread their petals in the fields I walk with great joy and eat.

At mid-day when I go to rest in the shade I walk cautiously for fear of the hunter and I sniff the breeze to locate him and hide.

When the sun is setting I go to the beach to play and to my resting place to be ready to eat flowers in the morning.



work involved in handsis demonstrated for abit's ''Mexican Marof Martinez, a weavof Mexico.



The "deer dance," indigenous to Precolumbian Mexico, is performed by Jesus Alamea, a Mayo Indian from Ahome, Sinaloa. Four singer-drummer accompianists complete the performing group. The deer dancer's leggings are cocoons with stones inside to create a rattling sound. The chant of the singers is translated at the left. (Photo by Nickerson)



1969. "Fiesta Mexicana in Pictures." Bulletin 40(10), 8–9.

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