were referable to Pachycephala queenslandica, and not to this species at all, especially the one with the 'red' young in' (last

three lines, p. 268).

The inner history of finding the nests of Mattingleya inornata is as follows:—In October, 1916, Mr. H. Greensill Barnard, the well-known Queensland field naturalist, and I were guests of Mr. Tom Butler, J.P., near Cardwell, N.Q. There were several sons in the family, all well versed in bushcraft. Mr. Barnard produced a skin of the Thickhead in question, which we obtained nearer the coast, and intimated he would give a reward to any of the boys who found a similar bird's nest and eggs. At the end of a week there had been no result, except with other species. Therefore, in a jocular manner, I said—"I suppose the old oologist will have to go out and find the nest," or words to that effect.

When examining an old clearing on the edge of some virgin scrub where Topknot Pigeons were feeding on the bright blue fruit of "quandong" trees, a small bird flushed from a bunch of suckers springing from a low stump. The bird perched in a neighbouring tree, where I got a good view of it, and it commenced to preen its feathers. This was none other than the species the nest of which we were seeking. Then, examining the bush, I found it sheltered a nest containing two eggs. As it was late in the afternoon I took the eggs, and on the following morning returned with Mr. Barnard. Fortunately, one of the parents was found still in the vicinity of the nest. Mr. Barnard shot it. This was important for identification purposes, as the sequel has proved. Replacing the eggs, I photographed the nest in situthe picture in The Emu, xvi., pl. xxxv. Mr. H. L. White described the eggs on page 163, same volume, while the skin of the bird obtained is in the "H. L. White Collection," National Museum, Melbourne. It was Mr. Barnard who observed the nest with "red" coloured young, and he subsequently took another nest with eggs. Further, regarding the possibility, as Mr. Mathews suggests, of the birds being Pachycephala queenslandica (i.e., the common pectoralis), that species was not breeding in the coastal country, but up in the ranges and on the table-land beyond.—I am, &c.,

A. J. CAMPBELL.

Box Hill (Vic.), 26/2/21.

Death of Member.—Members of the R.A.O.U. will regret to learn of the death of Mr. A. W. Milligan, an honorary member of the Union, which occurred at a private hospital, St. Kilda, on the 30th March. An extended notice of the late Mr. Milligan's ornithological labours in the field, together with a camp scene of one of his Western Australian expeditions, will appear in the next (July) issue of *The Emu*.



1921. "Death of Member: A.W. Milligan." *The Emu : official organ of the Australasian Ornithologists' Union* 20(4), 250–250. https://doi.org/10.1071/mu920250.

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