Observations of Palaearctic migrants rare to Ghana

by A. Hedenström, S. Bensch, D. Hasselquist & U. Ottosson

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Grimes (1987) has provided a thorough and useful summary of the ornithology of Ghana and, in particular, gives details of the occurrence of Palaearctic birds wintering there. However, most of the information refers to southern Ghana and we present here data obtained in the north, including details of 4 Palaearctic species new to Ghana. We visited northern Ghana from 20 Oct-18 Dec 1987 and netted birds at an old dried up river bed at Tono, near Navrongo (10°51′N,01°03′W), where there is a large irrigation project. We also made regular censuses (25) along a line transect containing 23 acacia trees (Acacia albida) in order to monitor species that occurred outside the habitat where the netting took place. Details of our moult studies are given elsewhere (Bensch et al. in press). In addition, we also visited the following locations in southern Ghana: Panbros saltpans (8 Oct 1987), Elmina saltpans, Winneba and Muni lagoons (12 Oct 1987), Bia National Park (28 Dec 1987-5 Jan 1988) and Sakumo lagoon (8 Jan 1988). Some observations made during a reconaissance trip (26 Nov 1985-14 Jan 1986) are also included.

Table 1 gives the ringing totals of 20 Palaearctic migrant species, and the numbers encountered during our line transects are presented in Table 2. Species worth special comments are given below. ("Grimes" =

Grimes 1987; *= first published record for Ghana.)

BITTERN Botaurus stellaris

One at Tono 12 Dec 1987. Only once previously recorded in Ghana (Grimes).

AVOCET Recurvirostra avosetta

At Sakumo lagoon near Tema, c. 95 on 8 Jan 1988. Grimes gives only 3 records, but it is now regular on lagoons along the coast (D. Daramani).

BLACK-TAILED GODWIT Limosa limosa

In the Tono area: 3 on 17 Nov, 1 on 13 Dec and 20 on 14 Dec. At Sakumo lagoon c. 150 on 8 Jan 1988. In the north only previously recorded at Vea dam (Grimes).

*PECTORAL SANDPIPER Calidris melanotos

A juvenile bird at Sakumo lagoon, 8 Jan 1988. It was identified at close range (20 m) feeding in a mud flat along the shore, by its heavily streaked breast sharply contrasting with the white belly, a short and slightly decurved bill, greenish legs, and in size almost twice that of Little Stints *Calidris minuta* feeding nearby. This is the first record of this species in West Africa; Urban *et al.* (1986) gives African records only from Morocco (4), Libya (1), Kenya (2), Zambia (2), Zimbabwe (3), Botswana (3), Namibia (1) and South Africa (10).

TABLE 1 Numbers of Palaearctic migrants ringed at Tono, northern Ghana, between 28 October and 18 December 1987

	Oct 28-31		ovemb 11-20		Dece 1-10	mber 11–18	Total
Tringa glareola	C Tyal. C	9U. 61	mo v	1	U.S.	10 L 10E	1
Actitis hypoleucos				D I II DAL		1	1
Gallinago gallinago				1 :::			i
Luscinia svecica		7	6	4	12	7	36
Luscinia megarhynchos	2	34 1.67	0000	grire to	1-	egricity	2
Phoenicurus phoenicurus	es, but pr	2					2
Saxicola rubetra		2	4	1			7
Locustella luscinioides		1	3	2	9	1	16
Locustella naevia		abov av	1	2	P and	1	4
Acrocephalus schoenobaenus	5	20	39	23	32	32	151
Acrocephalus paludicola	THE THOUSE		1	ANTI ITO		1775	1
Acrocephalus scirpaceus	1	1	5	7	8	10	32
Acrocephalus arundinaceus	Î.	4	2	12	10	1	30
Hippolais polyglotta	2	4	5	2	3	KYYME	16
Hippolais pallida	meil Ten	2	3	2	1	2	11
Sylvia communis		1	2	4	8	7	22
Sylvia borin		2	(5311)	arrake		origin and	2
Phylloscopus collybita		-		1		1	2
Phylloscopus trochilus		12	9	1999,577		LIACE	21
Lanius senator		309	1		3	3	8
cyanecula by their white		stobbe	The state of the		mbA.	(I ald	
							366

TABLE 2 Number of Palaearctic migrants encountered during point count transects at Navrongo, northern Ghana, between 23 October and 16 December 1987

	October					November									December									
	23	24	25	27	30	31	2	4	7	9	11	15	17	20	22	27	30	1	4	6	8	10	13	16
Phoenicurus									19710						. /3	0.011	LFLT		P.E.S	2 × 2	6-	LET	12.6	
phoenicurus							1					2												
Luscinia																								
megarhynchos									1															
Hippolais																								
polyglotta		1			3	1		1				1		1	1									
Hippolais																								
pallida							3	3	1	2	1	3	1		3	4	2	1	3	2	1		2	5
Sylvia																								
communis		1	1	1		2		1			1			1	1	1	1		1	3		2	1	2
Sylvia	6																							
borin	1							1																
Phylloscopus bonelli																	2		5	9	6	9	3	2
Phylloscopus																								
sibilatrix	1		1	2	1	2	4		1	1	3	1	2	2	3		6	1						
Phylloscopus collybita																	1							
Phylloscopus																								
trochilus	26	9	19	27	9	20	14	6	4	1	4	4	2	1	1									
Ficedula																								
hypoleuca	6	1	00	44	2	A.				1	2													

LESSER BLACK-BACKED GULL Larus fuscus

In addition to many coastal observations, we recorded singles at Tono on 28 Oct and 3 Nov 1987. Grimes gives only one previous inland record.

TURTLE DOVE Streptopelia turtur

In the Tono area: 23 on 24 Nov, 13 on 3 Dec, 1 on 6 Dec, 1 on 7 Dec, 2 on 10 Dec, 1 on 12 Dec and 9 on 13 Dec 1987. Grimes expected concentration would be found in the north due to increase in rice cultivation.

WRYNECK Jynx torquilla

At Navrongo-Tono: singles on 29 Dec 1985, 5 Nov, 30 Nov, 3 Dec and 10 Dec 1987. Considered rare by Grimes, but probably overlooked.

HOUSE MARTIN Delichon urbica

Regularly in the Tono area from 21 Oct to 18 Dec 1987. The largest flock, c. 1500, was seen over a fire on 9 Nov, an unusually large number (cf. Grimes).

TAWNY PIPIT Anthus campestris

One on a grass lawn in a forest clearing at Bia on 29 Dec 1987. Less than 10 records reported by Grimes.

BLUETHROAT Luscinia svecica cyanecula

Netted regularly at Tono, with a possible increase in abundance early Dec (Table 1). Adult males were identified as *cyanecula* by their white breast spot.

*AQUATIC WARBLER Acrocephalus paludicola

On 15 Nov 1987 we captured a juvenile in fresh plumage, indicating a rapid moult just after arrival in the winter quarters (Bensch *et al.* in press). Recorded south of the Sahara previously only from the inundation zone of the Niger (Moreau 1972).

SAVI'S WARBLER Locustella luscinioides

One or two at Tono 27–29 Dec 1985. In 1987 fairly abundant at the netting site at Tono, where 16 where captured (Table 1). From 5 Dec to 18 Dec, up to 5 were singing. Previously only recorded at Vea dam (Walsh & Grimes 1981, Grimes).

*GRASSHOPPER WARBLER Locustella naevia

One was captured at Tono 28 Dec 1985 and 4 more there in 1987 (Table 1). We found evidence for a complete winter moult in this species (Bensch *et al.* in press). The first record for Ghana.

CHIFFCHAFF Phylloscopus collybita

Two were captured (Table 1) and one was recorded (30 Nov 1987) during the transect counts (Table 2). Only very few records for Ghana, but is probably overlooked (Grimes).

*BONELLI'S WARBLER Phylloscopus bonelli

First recorded on 30 Nov 1987, then regularly (max count 9) during the transect counts until 16 Dec (Table 2). Also one was singing on 7 Dec and 10 Dec, 4 km south of Navrongo. These are the first records in Ghana.

TABLE 3
Recoveries of birds ringed at Tono (10°51′N,01°03′W), northern Ghana and of ringed birds at Tono

Species	Age Sex	Where ringed Date	Where recovered Date						
Luscinia svecica cyanecula	1st yr ੋ	Tono 7.xii.87	Bouches-du-Rhone (43°18′N,05°24′E), France 25.iii.88						
Acrocephalus schoenobaenus	1st yr	Tono 5.xii.87	Kirrasanta, Finland (61°35′N,21°32E′) 6.vii.88 23.v.89						
	1st yr	Guernsey (49°30′N,02°32′W) 26.viii.87	Tono seen 7.xi.87 caught 8.xi.87 seen up to 17.xii.87						
	1st yr	Tono 27.xii.85	Tono, where ringed 1.xii.87						
Acrocephalus arundinaceus	1st yr	Tono 26.xii.85	Tono, where ringed caught 17.xi.87 seen up to 1.xii.87						

Ringing recoveries

Of 48 Palaearctic birds ringed at Tono between 22 and 29 Dec 1985, 2 were recaptured where ringed 2 years later.

Of the 366 Palaearctic birds ringed in 1987 only 2 have been either recovered or caught and released in Europe (see Table 3).

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Address: A. Hedenström, Dept of Theoretical Ecology and S. Bensch, D. Hasselquist & U. Ottosson, Dept. of Animal Ecology, University of Lund, S-223 62 Lund, Sweden.

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